








Council On Recycling

Responsible Unit (RU) & Material Recovery
Facility (MRF) Data

May 2024

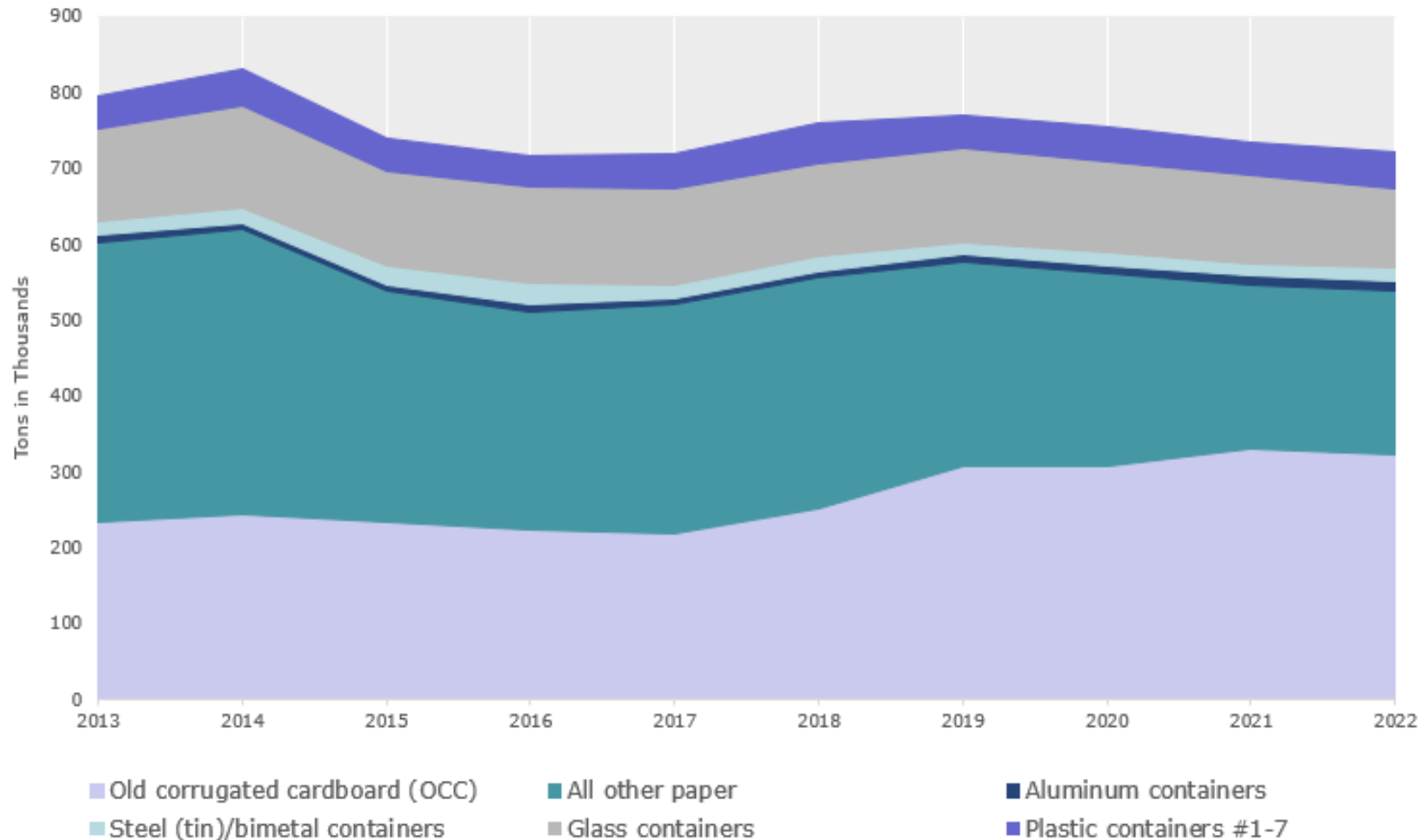
Recyclable Materials Collected by Wisconsin Self-Certified MRFs (in tons)

Mandatory Reporting - Banned	2022	% Change from 2021
Old corrugated cardboard (OCC)	322,492	 -2.0%
All other paper	215,811	 -0.7%
Aluminum containers	12,353	 7.0%
Steel (tin)/bimetal containers	17,931	 5.8%
Glass containers	105,282	 -9.3%
Plastic containers #1-7	47,647	 10.2%
Total Mandatory Reporting	721,516	 -1.7%

Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.

Self-Certified MRF Data Trends: Mandatory Reporting- Banned Materials

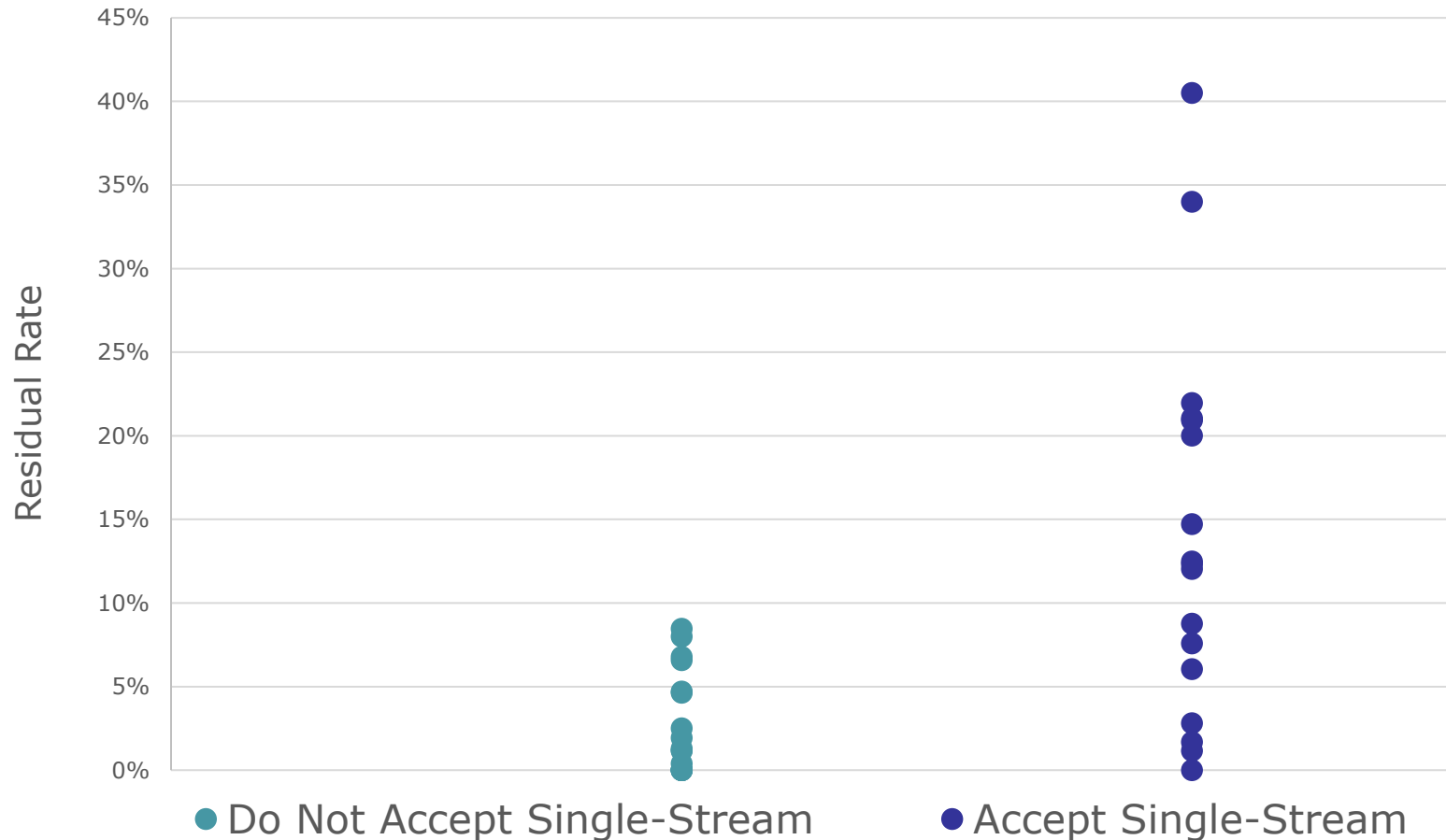
Trends In Recycling: All Banned Materials Sent to End Markets from Self-Certified MRFs



Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.

Self-Certified MRF Data Trends: Residual Rate Comparison

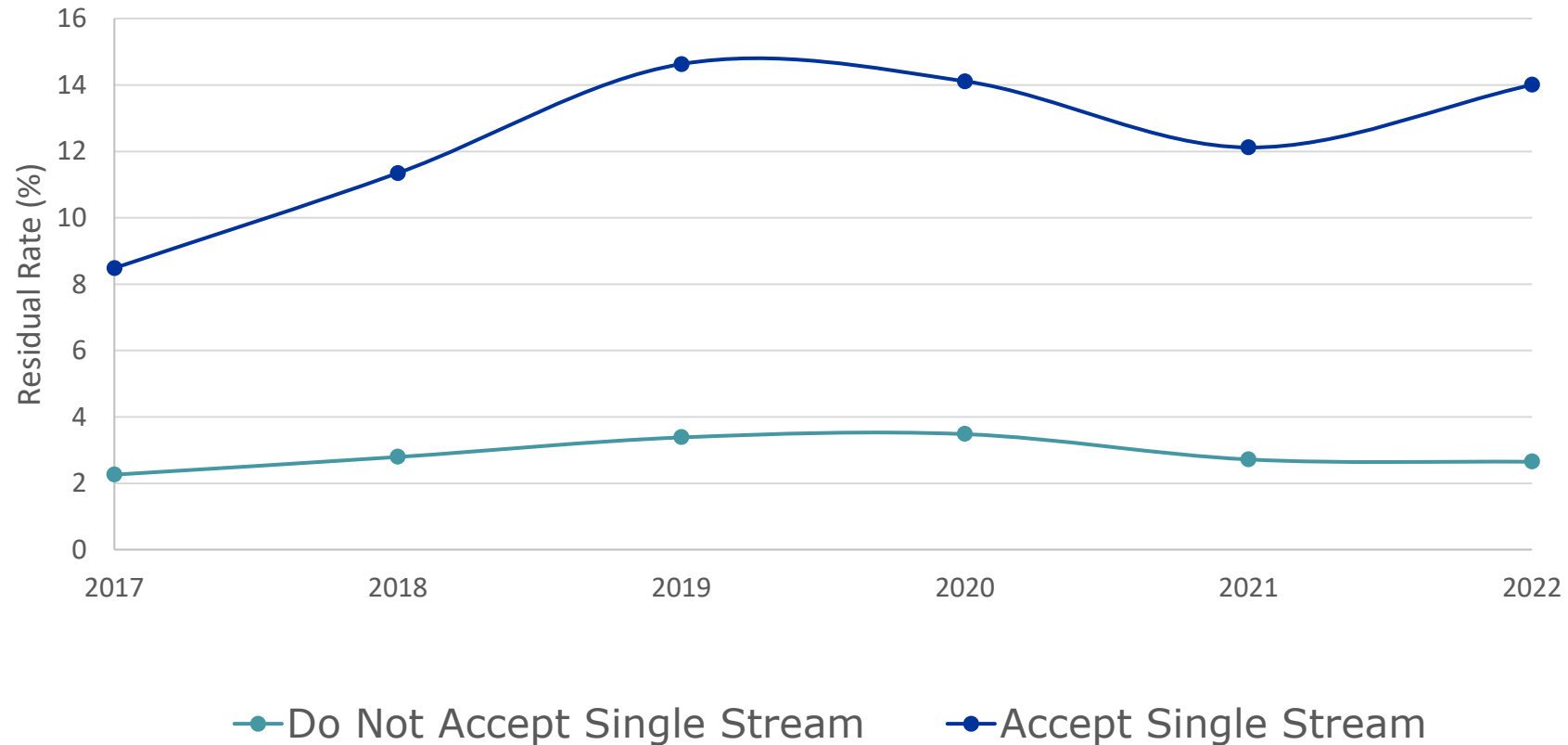
Residual Rates Based on % Received for All Self-Certified MRFs Located in WI in 2022



Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.

Self-Certified MRF Data Trends: Mandatory Reporting- Banned Materials

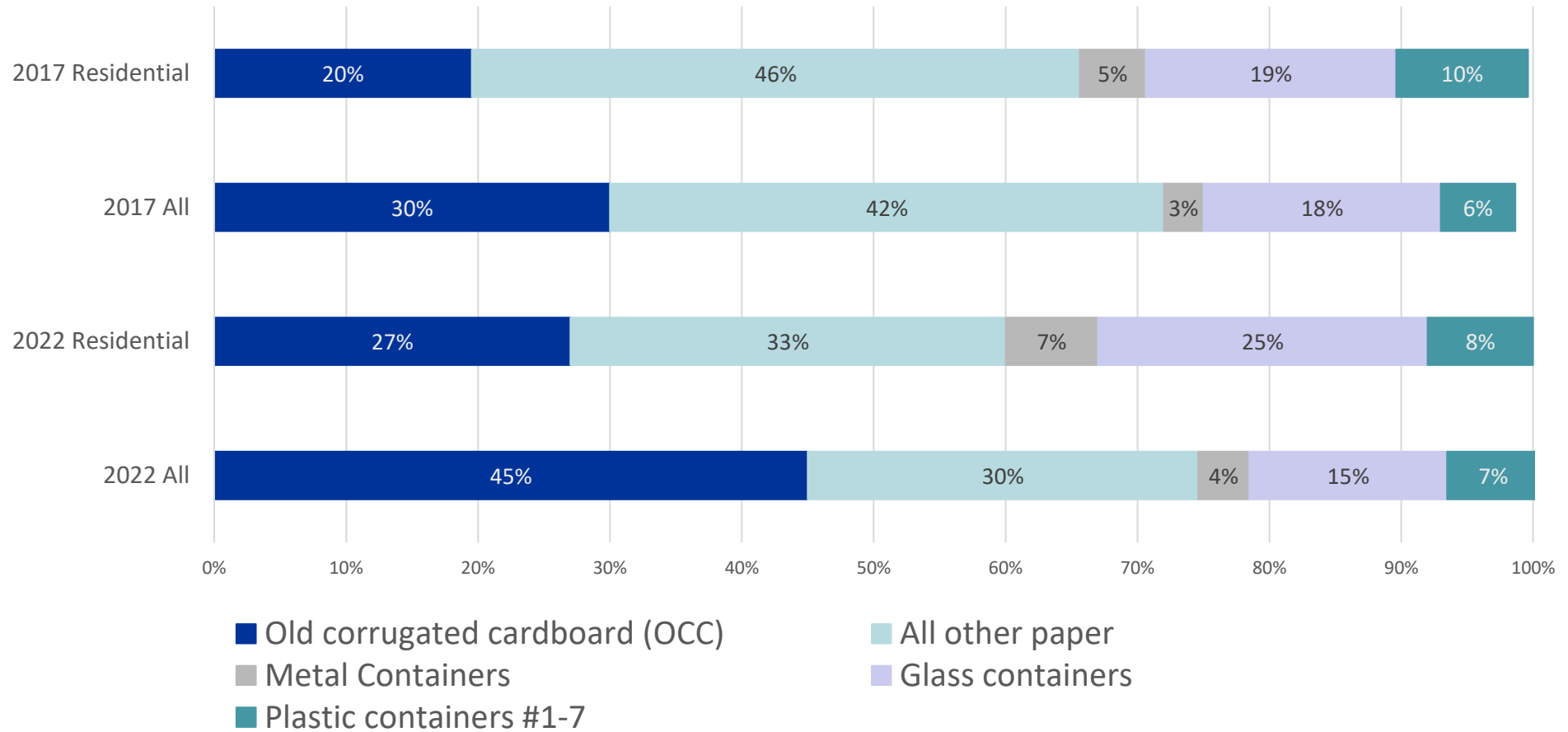
Residual Rate Trends Based on % Received for All Self-Certified MRFs Located in WI through 2022



Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.

Self-Certified MRF Data Trends: Materials Breakdown

Breakdown of Materials Sent to End Markets by WI Self-Certified MRFs- 2017 vs 2022



Note: Residential numbers are determined from MRFs that report $\geq 90\%$ inbound materials as residential.

Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.

2022 Recycling Responsible Unit Annual Report

1,083 RUs in 2022, 1,048 received recycling grant

Transitioned to new reporting system

**~406,000 tons (136 lbs per capita) mandatory
recyclables reported**

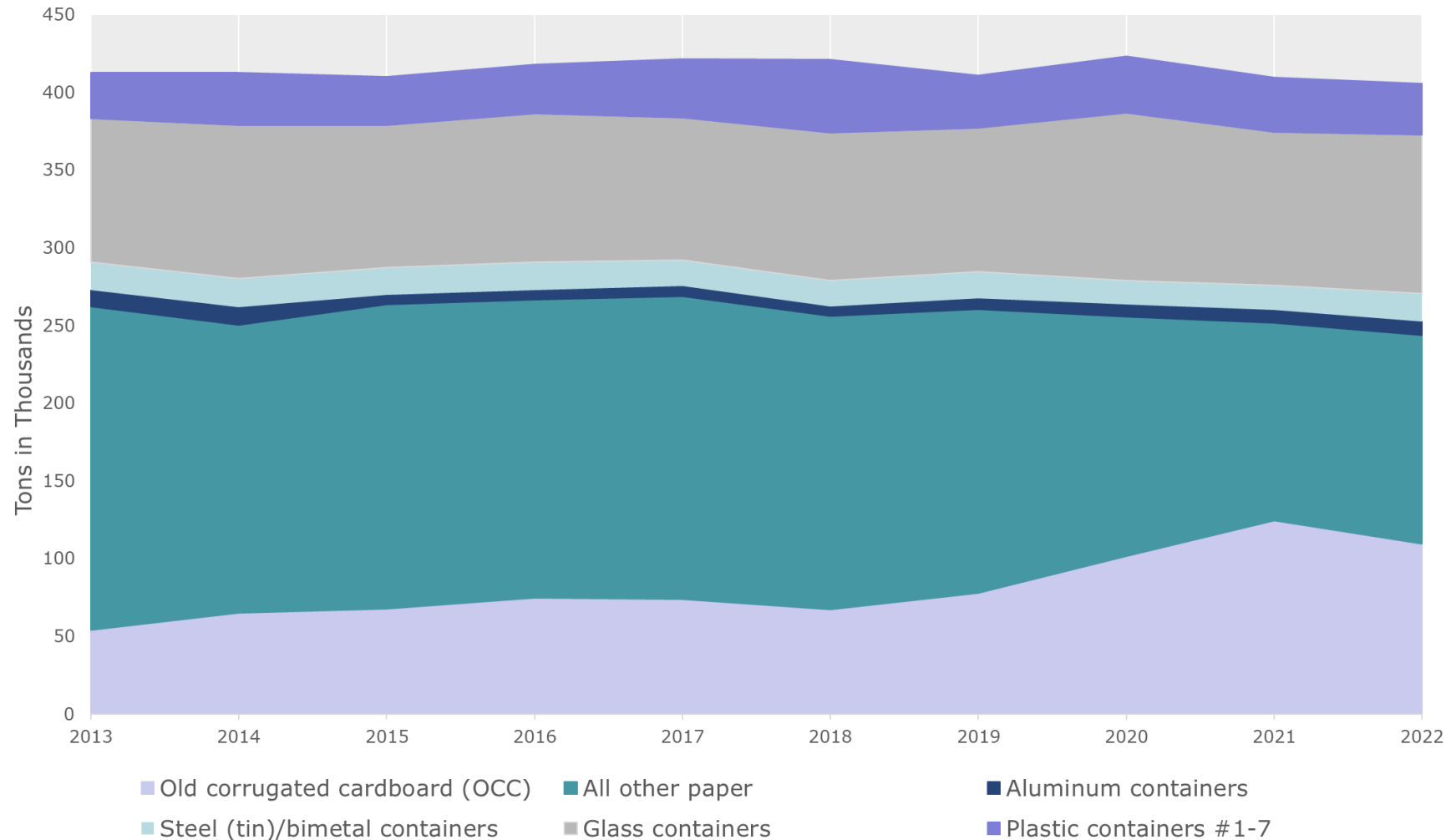
24 On probation, 1 NON for failure to report by deadline

11 Off probation from RY21, no financial penalties

Significant decrease in data reporting errors










Responsible Unit Data Trends: Mandatory Reporting- Banned Materials

Trends In Recycling: All Banned Materials Collected By Responsible Units



Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.

Recyclable Materials Collected by Wisconsin Responsible Units (in tons)

Mandatory Reporting - Banned	2022	% Change from 2021	
Old corrugated cardboard (OCC)	109,651		-11.9%
All other paper	134,089		5.2%
Aluminum containers	8,992		11.3%
Steel (tin)/bimetal containers	17,985		11.3%
Glass containers	102,230		3.9%
Plastic containers # 1-7	33,006		-6.9%
Total Mandatory Reporting	405,953		-1.0%
WI Population	5,989,875		0.8%
Per capita mandatory reporting (lbs)	136		-1.8%

Note: Wisconsin law bans these materials from landfills, however, these totals may contain incidental amounts of non-banned materials such as residential mixed paper, plastic #3-7 containers, and foam polystyrene.